

Finanzmarktaufsicht Liechtenstein

Recommendation of the European Systemic Risk Board of 15 December 2015 on the assessment of cross-border effects of and voluntary reciprocity for macroprudential policy measures (ESRB/2015/2) as amended

The following table provides an overview of the respective measures and exceptions that apply in Liechtenstein:

Country	Measure	Applicability in Liechtenstein and applicability in Liechtenstein and applied exceptions
Belgium	A 6% systemic risk buffer rate on all IRB retail exposures to natural persons se- cured by residential immovable property for which the collateral is located in Bel- gium.	Not applicable in Liechtenstein. Justification: • IRB approach
Sweden	A credit institution-specific floor of 25% for the exposure weighted average of the risk weights applied to the portfolio of re- tail exposures to obligors residing in Sweden secured by immovable property to credit institutions authorised in Swe- den using the IRB approach for calculat- ing regulatory capital requirements. A credit institution-specific minimum level (floor) of 25% or 35% for the expo- sure-weighted average of the risk weights applied to the portfolio of corpo- rate exposures secured by mortgages on immovable commercial to credit institu- tions authorised in Sweden using the IRB approach for calculating regulatory capi- tal requirements.	Not applicable in Liechtenstein. Justification: • IRB approach • «De minimis» principle: SEK 5 bn
Luxembourg	Legally binding loan-to-value (LTV) limits for new mortgage loans on residential real estate located in Luxembourg, with different LTV limits applicable to different categories of borrowers.	Not applicable in Liechtenstein. Justification: • «De minimis» principle (EUR 350 m / EUR 35 m)
Norway	A 4,5% systemic risk buffer rate applica- ble to all exposures located in Norway. A 20% floor for (exposure-weighted) av- erage risk weights for exposures to resi- dential real estate located in Norway to credit institutions, authorised in Norway, using the IRB approach for calculating regulatory capital requirements. A 35 % floor for (exposure-weighted) av- erage risks weights of commercial real estate exposures located in Norway to credit institutions, authorised in Norway, using the IRB approach for calculating regulatory capital requirements.	Not applicable in Liechtenstein. Justification: • IRB approach • «De minimis» principle: NOK 5 bn / NOK 32 bn / NOK 7.6 bn

FMA

Netherlands	A minimum average risk weight to credit institutions authorised in the Nether- lands, using the IRB approach for calcu- lating regulatory capital requirements in relation to their portfolios of exposures to natural persons secured by residential property located in the Netherlands. A 2% systemic risk buffer rate on all retail	Not applicable in Liechtenstein. Justification: • IRB approach • «De minimis» principle (EUR 5 bn)
Liuluania	exposures to natural persons resident in the Republic of Lithuania that are se- cured by residential property.	Justification: • «De minimis» principle (EUR 50 m)
Germany	A 2% systemic risk buffer rate on (i) all IRB exposures secured by residential im- movable property located in Germany, and (ii) all SA-based exposures fully and completely secured by residential im- movable property.	Not applicable in Liechtenstein. Justification: • «De minimis» principle (EUR 10 bn)
Denmark	A 7% sectoral systemic risk buffer rate on all types of exposures located in Den- mark to non-financial corporations oper- ating in real estate activities and in the development of building projects.	Not applicable in Liechtenstein. Justification: • «De minimis» principle (EUR 200 bn)
Portugal	A 4% sectoral systemic risk buffer rate on all IRB retail exposures to natural per- sons secured by residential immovable property for which the collateral is lo- cated in Portugal.	Not applicable in Liechtenstein. Justification: • IRB approach • «De minimis» principle (EUR 1 bn)
Italy	A 0.5% sectoral systemic risk buffer rate on all credit and counterparty default risk positions in Italy from December 31st 2024 to June 29th 2025, and a buffer of 1% from June 30th 2025 onwards	Not applicable in Liechtenstein. Justification:

As of 18 June 2025